

US18 SERIES

- analog output ultrasonic sensors

INSTRUCTION MANUAL

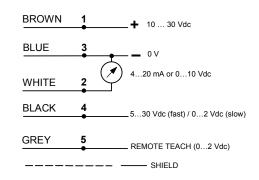
CONTROLS

Programming push-button (TEACH) This push-button allows to program the reading points of the sensor.

PWR LED indicator Indicates

OFF	Power is OFF.
ON Red	Target is weak or outside sensing range.
ON Green	Sensor is operatine normally, good target.
OUT LED indicator	Indicates
OFF	Target is outside windows limits
ON Yellow	Target is within windows limits
ON Red (solid)	In TEACH mode, waiting for first limit
ON Red (flashing)	In TEACH mode, waiting for second limit

CONNECTIONS



NOTE: It is recommended that the shield wire be connected to earth ground or to 0V.

PRINCIPLES OF OPERATION

Ultrasonic sensors emit one or multiple pulses of ultrasonic energy, which travel through the air at the speed of sound. A portion of this energy reflects off the target and travels back to the sensor. The sensor measures the total time required for the energy to reach the target and return to the sensor. The distance to the object is then calculated using the following formula

$$D = \frac{ct}{2}$$

$$D = \frac{D}{c}$$

To improve accuracy, an ultrasonic sensor may average the results of several pulses before outputting a new value

Temperature Effects

The speed of sound is dependent upon the composition, pressure and temperature of the gas in which it is traveling. For most ultrasonic applications, the composition and pressure of the gas are relatively fixed, while the temperature may fluctuate. In air, the speed of sound varies with temperature according to the following approximation:

$$c_{m/s} = 20 \sqrt{273 + T_c} \qquad \begin{array}{c} c_{m/s} = \text{ Speed of sound in meters per second} \\ T_c = \text{ Temperature in °C} \end{array}$$

Temperature Compensation

Changes in air temperature affect the speed of sound, which in turn affects the distance reading measured by the sensor. An increase in air temperature shifts both sensing window limits closer to the sensor. Conversely, a decrease in air temperature shifts both limits farther away from the sensor. This shift is approximately 3.5% of the limit distance for a 20° C change in temperature. The US18 series ultrasonic sensors are temperature compensated. This reduces the error due to temperature by about 90%. The sensor will maintain its window limits to within 1.8% over the -20° to +60°C range.

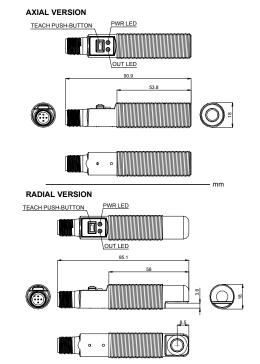
NOTES:

- Exposure to direct sunlight can affect the sensor's ability to accurately compensate for changes in temperature.
- If the sensor is measuring across a temperature gradient, the compensation will be less effective.
- The temperature warmup drift upon power-up is less than 1.7% of the sensing distance. After 10 minutes, the apparent distance will be within 0.3% of the actual position.
- After 25 minutes, the sensing distance will be stable.

	US18-PA US18-PR AXIAL VERSION RADIAL VERSION		
Power supply:	10 30 Vdc (limit values), reverse polarity protectio		
Ripple:	≤ 2 Vpp		
Consumption			
(load current excluded):	65mA max., 40 mA typical @ 25 Vcc		
Output configurations:	010 Vcc (current output) or		
	420 mA (voltage output)	420 mA (voltage output)	
	overload and short circuit protection		
Outputs:	Analog voltage output: $2.5 \text{ K}\Omega$ minimum load resistar Minimum supply for a full 10V output is $12Vdc$ (for supply voltages between 10 and $12V$, out max is at least V supply - 2)		
	Analog current output: 1KΩ max @ 24V input.		
	Max load resistance = (Vcc-4)/0.02 ohms		
	For current output (4-20mA) models, ideal results are		
	achieved whwn the total load resistance		
	$R = [(Vin-3)/0.020]\Omega.$		
	Example, at Vin = 24V, $R \approx 1K\Omega$ (1watt)		
	A worst case shift of 1% of sensing distance is caused	bу	
	operating the sensor at Vin = 30 Vdc and R = 0Ω		
Output Response time	2.5 ms (Fast): pin 4 (black wire) at 530 Vdc		
(for a 95% step change):	30 ms (Slow): pin 4 (black wire) at 02 Vdc		
Mana and table a feature and	(or not connected)		
Max. switching frequency:	200 Hz (fast), 16 Hz (slow)		
Range indicator:	Green Target is within sensing range Red Target is outside sensing range		
(Red/Green)	Red Target is outside sensing range OFF Sensing power is OFF		
Teach/Output indicator:	Yellow Target is within sensing range		
(Yellow/Red)	OFF Target is outside taught window limits		
(Tellow/Ted)	and a game and a game and game and game a	Red Sensor is in Teach mode	
Setting:	Sensing window limits: TEACH-Mode programming on near and far window limits may be set using the push button or remotely via TEACH input		
Delay at Power-up:	300 ms		
Temperature effect:	0.02% of distance/°C		
Temperature warmup drift:	less than 1.7% of sensing distance upon power-up		
Linearity (note A):	2.5 ms response: ±1 mm 30 ms response: ±0.5 mm		
Resolution (note A):	2.5 ms response: 1 mm 30 ms response: 0.5 mm		
Minimum window size:	5 mm		
Ultrasonic emission:	300 KHz, rep. rate 2.5 ms		
Remote teach input:	Impedence: 12 KΩ		
Operating temperature:	-20 60 °C		
Storage temperature:	-25 70 °C		
Maximum relative humidity:	100%		
Electrical shock protection:	Class 2		
Operating distance (typical values):	30300 mm		
Vibrations:	0.5 mm amplitude, 1055 Hz frequency, for every ax (EN60068-2-6)	IS	
Reference standard:	EN60947-5-2		
Shock resistance:	11 ms (30 G) 6 shock for every axis (EN60068-2-27)	
Housing material:	Thermoplastic polyester		
Threaded barrel material:	ABS/PC		
Push-button material:	Santoprene		
Light pipes material:	Acrylic		
Mechanical protection:	IP67		
Connections:	M12 - 4 pole connector		
Weight:	25 g		

TECHNICAL DATA

DIMENSIONS



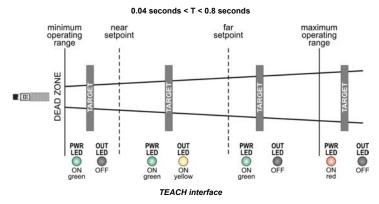
SENSOR PROGRAMMING

Two TEACH methods may be used to program the sensor · Teach individual minimum and maximum limits.

- Use Auto-Window feature to center a sensing window around the taught position.
- The sensor may be programmed either via its push button, or via a remote switch. Remote programming may be used to disable the push button, preventing unauthorized personnel from

adjusting the programming settings. To access this feature, connect the Remote Teach wire of the sensor to 0 - 2V dc, with a remote programming switch between the sensor and the voltage. NOTE: The impedance of the Remote Teach input is 12 K Ω .

Programming is accomplished by following the sequence of input pulses (see chap. "Normally Open/Normally Closed operation select"). The duration of each pulse (corresponding to a push button "click"), and the period between multiple pulses, are defined as "T":

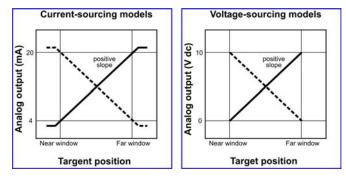


Analog Output Slope

The sensor may be programmed for either a positive or a negative output slope, based on which limit is taught first (see pictures)

- If the Near limit is taught first, the slope will be positive.
 If the Far limit is taught first, the slope will be negative.

The analog output signal, is automatically distributed over the width of programmed sensing window. In the event of signal loss, the analog output goes to 3.6mA or 0Vdc, which may be used to trigger an alarm



Teaching Minimum and Maximum Limits

	Programming	g procedure	
	TEACH push-button	Remote line (remote teach)	Indicators LED
Programming mode	Push and hold TEACH push-button	No action required; sensor is ready for 1st limit teach	OUT LED: ON, RED PWR LED: <u>ON Green</u> (good signal) <u>ON Red</u> (no signal)
TEACH	Position the target for the first limit	Position the target for the first limit	PWR LED: must be ON Green
First limit	"Click" the TEACH push-button	Single-pulse the remote line (0.04 s < T < 0.8 s)	Teach accepted: (Sensor learns the 0Vdc or 4mA limit) <u>OUT LED</u> , flashing Red Teach unacceptable: <u>OUT LED</u> , ON Red
ТЕАСН	Position the target for the second limit	Position the target for the second limit	PWR LED: must be ON Green
Second limit	"Click" the TEACH push-button	Single-pulse the remote line (0.04 s < T < 0.8 s)	Teach accepted: (Sensor learns the 10Vdc or 20mA limit) OUT LED, Yellow or OFF Teach unacceptable: OUT LED, flashing Red

NOTE: The duration of each pulse (corresponding to a push button "click"), and the period between multiple pulses, are defined "T" (0.04 s < T < 0.8 s).

Teaching limits using the Auto-Window feature

Teaching the same limit twice for the same output automatically centers a 100mm window on the taught position (± 50 mm).

The analog output will be centered on the taught position at approximately 5V or 12mA.

	Programmir		
	TEACH push-button	Remote line (remote teach)	Indicators LED
Programming mode	Push and hold TEACH push-button	No action required; sensor is ready for 1st limit teach	OUT LED: ON, Red PWR LED: <u>ON Green</u> (good signal) <u>ON Red</u> (no signal)
TEACH	Position the target for the center of window	Position the target for the center of window	PWR LED: must be ON Green
Limit	"Click" the TEACH push-button	Single-pulse the remote line (0.04 s < T < 0.8 s)	Teach accepted: OUT LED, flashing, Red Teach unacceptable: OUT LED, ON Red
Re-TEACH Limit	Without moving the target, "click" the TEACH push-button again	Without moving the target, single-pulse the remote line again (0.04 s < T < 0.8 s)	Teach accepted: OUT LED, Yellow or OFF Teach unacceptable: OUT LED, flashing, Red

General Notes on Programming

The sensor will return to RUN mode if the first TEACH condition is not registered within 120 seconds. After the first limit is taught, the sensor will remain in PROGRAM mode until the TEACH sequence is finished

To exit PROGRAM mode without saving any changes, press and hold the programming push button > 2 seconds (before teaching the second limit). The sensor will revert to the last saved program.

TEACH push-button lockout

Enables or disables the push button to prevent unauthorized personnel from adjusting the program settings

	Programming procedure		
	TEACH push-button	Remote line (remote teach) 0.04 s < T < 0.8 s	Enable/Disable Function
TEACH		Four impulse the remote line	Push-button are either
Push- button lockout	Not available via push-button		enabled or disabled, depending on condition

DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

We DATASENSOR S.p.A. declare under our sole responsibility that these products are conform to the 89/336 CEE, 73/23 CEE Directives and successive amendments.

WARRANTY

DATASENSOR S.p.A. warrants its products to be free from defects. DATASENSOR S.p.A. will repair or replace, free of charge, any product found to be defective during the warranty period of 36 months from the manufacturing date. This warranty does not cover damage or liability deriving from the improper application of DATASENSOR products.

DATASENSOR S.p.A. Via Lavino 265 40050 Monte S. Pietro - Bologna - Italy Tel: +39 051 6765611 Fax: +39 051 6759324 http://www.datasensor.com e-mail: info@datasensor.com

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826002200 Rev.00



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US18 SERIES

- Digital outputultrasonic sensors

INSTRUCTION MANUAL

CONTROLS

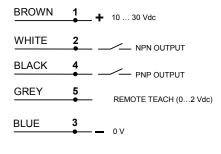
Programming push-button (TEACH)

ON Red (flashing)

This push-button allows to program the reading points of the sensor.

PWR LED indicator	Indicates	
OFF	Power is OFF.	
ON Red	Target is weak or outside sensing range.	
ON Green	Sensor is operatine normally, good target.	
ON Green	censer is operative normally, good target.	
ON Green	School is operatine normally, good target.	
OUT LED indicator	Indicates	
OUT LED indicator	Indicates	

In TEACH mode, waiting for second limit CONNECTIONS



NOTE: It is recommended that the shield wire be connected to earth ground or to 0V.

PRINCIPLES OF OPERATION

Ultrasonic sensors emit one or multiple pulses of ultrasonic energy, which travel through the air at the speed of sound. A portion of this energy reflects off the target and travels back to the sensor. The sensor measures the total time required for the energy to reach the target and return to the sensor. The distance to the object is then calculated using the following formula:

=
$$\frac{ct}{2}$$
 D = Distance from the sensor to the targ
C = Speed of sound in air
T = Transit time for the ultrasonic pulse

To improve accuracy, an ultrasonic sensor may average the results of several pulses before outputting a new value.

Temperature Effects

D

The speed of sound is dependent upon the composition, pressure and temperature of the gas in which it is traveling. For most ultrasonic applications, the composition and pressure of the gas are relatively fixed, while the temperature may fluctuate.

In air, the speed of sound varies with temperature according to the following approximation



Temperature Compensation

Changes in air temperature affect the speed of sound, which in turn affects the distance reading measured by the sensor. An increase in air temperature shifts both sensing window limits close to the sensor. Conversely, a decrease in air temperature shifts both limits farther away from the sensor. This shift is approximately 3.5% of the limit distance for a 20° C change in temperature. The US18 series ultrasonic sensors are temperature compensated. This reduces the error due to temperature by about 90%. The sensor will maintain its window limits to within 1.8% over the -20° to +60° C range.

NOTE:

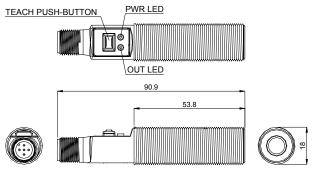
- · Exposure to direct sunlight can affect the sensor's ability to accurately compensate for changes in temperature.
- · If the sensor is measuring across a temperature gradient, the compensation will be less effective. The temperature warmup drift upon power-up is less than 1.7% of the sensing distance.
- After 10 minutes, the apparent switchpoint will be within 0.3% of the actual position. After 25 minutes, the sensing position will be stable.

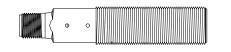
	US18-PA	US18-PR
	AXIAL VERSION	RADIAL VERSION
Power supply:	10 30 Vdc (limit values), r	everse polarity protection
Ripple:	≤ 2 Vpp	
Consumption		
(load current excluded):	65mA max., 40 mA typical @ 25 Vcc	
Outputs:	NPN and PNP (N.O.	
Output current:	100 mA max. overload and	
Output saturation voltage:	PNP < 1.2 V @ 10 mA, < 1.6 V @ 100 mA	
	NPN < 200 mV @ 10 mA	
Response time:	5ms	
Max. switching frequency:	100 I	
Range indicator:	Green Target is within se	
(Red/Green)	Red Target is outside OFF Sensing power is (
To a sh (Quita ut in dia star)	e containg parties to c	
Teach/Output indicator: (Yellow/Red)		taught window limits
(Tellow/Red)	Red Sensor is in Teach	
Setting:	Sensing window limits: TEA	
ootting.	near and far window limits may be set using the push	
	button or remotely via TEACH input	
Delay at Power-Up:	300 ms	
Temperature effect:	0.02% of distance/°C	
Temperature warmup drift:	Less than 1.7% of sensing distance upon power-up	
Repeatability:	0.5 mm	
Minimum window size:	5 mm	
Hysteresis:	0.7 mm	
Ultrasonic emission:	300 KHz, rep. rate 2.5 ms	
Remote teach input:	Impedence	
Operating temperature:	-20 6	
Storage temperature:	-25 7	
Maximum relative humidity:	1009	•
Electrical shock protection:	Class	
Operating distance (typical values):	30300	
Vibrations:	0.5 mm amplitude, 1055 Hz (EN6006	
Reference standard:	EN6094	7-5-2
Shock resistance:	11 ms (30 G) 6 shock for ev	
Housing material:	Thermoplastic	
Threaded barrel material:	ABS/I	-
Push-button material:	Santop	
Light pipes material:	Acry	
Mechanical protection:	IP6	
Connections:	M12 - 4 pole connector	

TECHNICAL DATA

DIMENSIONS

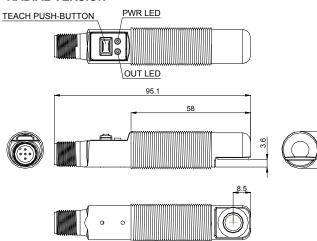






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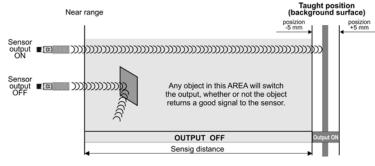
RADIAL VERSION



SENSOR PROGRAMMING

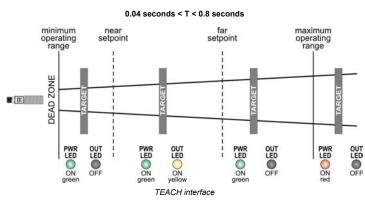
Two TEACH methods may be used to program the sensor · Teach individual minimum and maximum limits.

 Use Auto-Window feature to center a sensing window around the taught position. The sensor may be programmed either via its push button, or via a remote switch.



Remote programming may be used to disable the push button, preventing unauthorized personnel from adjusting the programming settings. To access this feature, connect the Remote Teach wire of the sensor to 0 - 2V dc, with a remote programming switch between the sensor and the voltage. NOTE: The impedance of the Remote Teach input is 12 K Ω .

Programming is accomplished by following the sequence of input pulses (see chap. "Normally Open/Normally Closed operation select"). The duration of each pulse (corresponding to a push button "click"), and the period between multiple pulses, are defined as "T"



Teaching Minimum and Maximum Limits

	Programmir	ng procedure	
	TEACH push-button	Remote line (remote teach)	Indicators LED
Programming mode	Push and hold TEACH push-button	No action required; sensor is ready for 1st limit teach	OUT LED: ON, RED PWR LED: ON GREEN (good signal) ON RED (no signal)
TEACH	Position the target for the first limit	Position the target for the first limit	PWR LED: must be ON GREEN
First limit	"Click" the TEACH push-button	Single-pulse the remote line (0.04 s < T < 0.8 s)	Teach accepted: OUT LED, flashing RED Teach unacceptable: OUT LED, ON RED
TEACH	Position the target for the second limit	Position the target for the second limit	PWR LED: must be ON GREEN
Second limit	"Click" the TEACH push-button	Single-pulse the remote line (0.04 s < T < 0.8 s)	Teach accepted: OUT LED, YELLOW or OFF Teach unacceptable: OUT LED, flashing RED

NOTE: The duration of each pulse (corresponding to a push button "click"), and the period between multiple pulses, are defined "T" (0.04 s < T < 0.8 s).

OFF output	ON output	OFF output	
Near first point			
function (normally c	losed)		
ON ouptut	OFF output	ON output	

See chap. "Normally Open/Normally Closed Operation Select.

Teaching limits using the Auto-Window feature

Teaching the same limit twice for the same output automatically centers a 10 mm window on the taught position (± 5 mm).

	Programmir	ng procedure	
	TEACH push-button	Remote line (remote teach)	Indicators LED
Programming mode	Push and hold TEACH push-button	No action required; sensor is ready for 1st limit teach	OUT LED: ON, RED PWR LED: ON GREEN (good signal) ON RED (no signal)
TEACH	Position the target for the center of window	Position the target for the center of window	PWR LED: must be ON GREEN
Limit	"Click" the TEACH push-button	Single-pulse the remote line (0.04 s < T < 0.8 s)	Teach accepted: OUT LED, flashing, RED Teach unacceptable: OUT LED, ON RED
Re-TEACH Limit	Without moving the target, "click" the TEACH push-button again	Without moving the target, single-pulse the remote line again (0.04 s < T < 0.8 s)	Teach accepted: OUT LED, YELLOW or OFF Teach unacceptable: OUT LED, flashing, RED

TAUGHT POSITION

O. Function (normally	open)	_
OFF output	ON output	OFF output
First point (-5 mm)	losoft	Second point (+5 mm)
7. Punction (normality c		ON systemat
ON output	OFF output	ON output

See chap. "Normally Open/Normally Closed Operation Select."

<u>General Notes on Programming</u> The sensor will return to RUN mode if the first TEACH condition is not registered within 120 seconds. After the first limit is taught, the sensor will remain in PROGRAM mode until the TEACH sequence is finishod

To exit PROGRAM mode without saving any changes, press and hold the programming push button > 2 seconds (before teaching the second limit). The sensor will revert to the last saved program.

Normally Open/Normally Closed Operation Select

The sensor can be configured for either normally open or normally closed via the remote teach wire (gray).

A series of three pulses on the line will toggle between normally open and normally closed operation. Normally open is defined as the output energizing when the target is present. Normally closed is defined as the output energizing when the target is absent.

	Progra	mming procedure	
	TEACH push-button	Remote line (remote teach) 0.04 s < T < 0.8 s	N.O./N.C. function
Toggle between N.O./N.C. operation	Not available via push-button	Triple-pulse the remote line	Either normally open or normally closed operation is selected, depending on previous condition.

TEACH push-button lockout

Enables or disables the push button to prevent unauthorized personnel from adjusting the program settings

	Programming procedure		
	TEACH push-button	Remote line (remote teach) 0.04 s < T < 0.8 s	Enable/Disable Function
TEACH Push- button lockout	Not available via push-button	Four impulse the remote line	Push-button are either enabled or disabled, depending on condition

DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

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WARRANTY

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